

Soil Cleanup Levels For Unrestricted Land Use

Table 740-1

Notes on Developing Method A Table Values Washington State Department of Ecology Clarc Notes

Method A Notes.doc

Notes on the Development of Method A Cleanup Levels WAC 173-340-720, 740, and 745

The following tables were prepared as part of the rule-making process for the amended MTCA rule adopted February 12, 2001. The information in the tables was used when Ecology developed the Method A Cleanup Levels for the revised regulation.

The tables compile cleanup level calculations for various exposure pathways for both carcinogenic and noncarcinogenic heath effects, applicable state and federal laws, laboratory practical quantitation limits and other relevant information that was used to develop the Method A cleanup levels. While this is useful background information, the values in these tables are not the adopted rule and should not be used as Method A cleanup levels. Use the tables, footnotes and accompanying text in the adopted regulation to develop Method A cleanup levels.

NOTE: Some columns in these tables refer to "current" and "proposed" Method A values. "Current" as used in these tables refers to the cleanup levels as they existed prior to the adoption of the February 12, 2001 rule amendments. "Proposed" as used in these tables are the cleanup levels that were adopted on February 12, 2001.

February 9, 2001 November 23, 2004 revision (1)

TO: Interested Persons

FROM: Pete Kmet, Senior Environmental Engineer

Toxics Cleanup Program

SUBJECT: Calculations for Table 740-1

Method A Soil Cleanup Levels for Unrestricted Land Uses

Attached are several tables in excel format providing information on the development of the Method A soil cleanup levels for unrestricted land uses in Table 740-1, WAC 173-340-900.

Table 1: A quick summary providing Method A cleanup levels for unrestricted land uses (Table 740-1) and a brief explanation of the reasoning in the development of Method A values.

<u>Table 2:</u> A detailed compilation of the information considered in the development of Method A soil cleanup levels for unrestricted land uses. This information includes:

- The Method B direct contact exposure pathway soil values for each substance.
 This includes values for both soil ingestion and soil ingestion plus dermal adsorption (adsorption through the skin) for both carcinogens and non-carcinogens, where sufficient information was available for the calculations as of February, 2001;
- The results for the soil leaching pathway from the 3 and 4 phase models as of February, 2001;
- Terrestrial ecological evaluation values from Tables 749-2 and 749-3;
- Regulatory values from other laws as of February, 2001; and
- Natural background, practical quantitation limits and other relevant information available as of February, 2001.

<u>Table 3:</u> Describes the assumptions used to calculate the standard Method B soil direct contact cleanup values for unrestricted land uses for carcinogens using equation 740-2 in WAC 173-340-740(3)(b)(iii)(B)(II).

<u>Table 4</u>: Describes the assumptions used to calculate the standard Method B soil direct contact cleanup values for unrestricted land uses for non-carcinogens using equation 740-1 in WAC 173-340-740(3)(b)(iii)(B)(I).

<u>Table 5</u>: Describes the assumptions and equation used to calculate the modified Method B values for unrestricted land uses assuming concurrent soil ingestion plus dermal (skin) absorption for carcinogens using equation 740-5 in WAC173-340-740(3)(b)(iii)(B).

<u>Table 6</u>: Describes the assumptions and equation used to calculate the modified Method B values for unrestricted land uses assuming concurrent soil ingestion plus dermal (skin) absorption for <u>non</u>carcinogens using equation 740-4 in WAC173-340-740(3)(b)(iii)(A).

<u>Table 7</u>: Describes the assumptions and equations used to calculate soil concentrations protective of ground water for drinking water use, using the 3 phase leaching model.

<u>**Tables 8-10:**</u> 4-phase model results summary sheets for 2 brands of fresh gasoline and these same gasolines using various weathered compositions.

(1) This memo and attached excel tables explain the basis for the Method A cleanup levels in the MTCA rule adopted February 12, 2001. The memos and tables have been slightly revised from the originals issued on February 9, 2001 to clarify certain information in response to questions received since issuance of the original memos and tables. The original memos and tables can be found in appendix D of the concise explanatory statement for the February 12, 2001 rule amendments (http://www.ecy.wa.gov/programs/tcp/regs/reg_main.html)

Table 1: Quick Summary Basis for Method A, Table 740-1, Unrestricted Land Use Soil Values							
Hazardous Substance	CAS Number	1991 Method A Cleanup Level mg/kg	2001 adopted Method A Cleanup Level mg/kg	Basis for Standard			
Arsenic Benzene	7440-38-2 71-43-2	20.0 0.5	20 0.03	Soil ingestion using equation 740-2, and leaching using 3-phase model, adjusted for natural background (1). Protection of drinking water based on both 3 and 4 phase models.			
Benzo(a)Pyrene Cadmium	50-32-8 7440-43-9	none 2	0.1 2	Soil ingestion using equation 740-2. This can also be used as the total toxic equivalents for all cPAHs. See WAC 173-340-708(8). Protection of drinking water, adjusted for PQL.			
Chromium (total)	7440-47-3 18540-29-9 16065-83-1	100.0	none 19 2000	Replaced by values for Cr III and Cr VI. Protection of drinking water3 phase model. Protection of drinking water3 phase model.			
Chromium VI Chromium III	10000-03-1		2000	Protection of diffiking waters priase model.			
DDT Ethylbenzene	50-29-3 100-41-4	1 20.0	3 6	Soil ingestion using equation 740-2. Protection of drinking water3 phase model.			
Ethylene dibromide (EDB) Lead	106-93-4 7439-92-1	0.001 250.0	0.005 250	Protection of drinking water3 phase model, adjusted for PQL. Soil ingestion. See 1991 responsiveness summary for explaination of calculation. (1)			
Lindane Methylene chloride	58-89-9 75-09-2	1 0.5	0.01 0.02	Protection of drinking water3 phase model, adjusted for PQL. Protection of drinking water3 phase model.			
Mercury (inorganic) MTBE	7439-97-6 1634-04-4	1 none	2 0.1	Protection of drinking water3 phase model. Protection of drinking water3 phase model.			
Naphthalenes PAHs (carcinogenic)	91-20-3	none 1.0	5 none	Protection of drinking water3 phase model. Total of all naphthalene, 1-methyl naphthalene and 2-methyl naphthalene. Replaced by Benzo(a)Pyrene, above.			
PCB Mixtures Tetrachloroethylene	1336-36-3 127-18-4	1 0.5	1 0.05	ARAR. This is a total value for all PCBs in the soil sample. Protection of drinking water3 phase model.			
Toluene 1,1,1 Trichloroethane	108-88-3 71-55-6	40.0 20	7 2	Protection of drinking water3 phase model. Protection of drinking water3 phase model.			
Trichloroethylene Xylenes	79-01-5 1330-20-7	0.5 20.0	0.03 9	Protection of drinking water3 phase model. Protection of drinking water3 phase model. Total of all m, o & p xylene.			
TPH (total)	14280-30-9						
Gasoline range organics GRO with benzene GRO w/o benzene Diesel Range Organics Heavy Oils Electrical Insulating Mineral Oil	6842-59-6	100 100 200 200 200 (2)	30 100 (3) 2000 2000 4000	Protection of drinking water4 phase model, assuming weathered gasoline composition. Protection of drinking water4 phase model, assuming highly weathered gasoline composition. Protection of drinking waterresidual saturation Protection of drinking waterresidual saturation for diesel. Protection of drinking waterresidual saturation			

⁽¹⁾ Ecology decided not to change 1991 Method A value although the "natural background" value of 20 is now known to be based on data from areas impacted by the former Tacoma smelter. Ecology intends

⁽ഇ) Evidency Pals of iaspeopei ৰাজ under under

Arsenic Jenzene Jenzo(a)Pyrene Cadmium Chromium (total) Chromium VI Chromium III	7440-38-2 71-43-2 50-32-8 7440-43-9 7440-47-3 18540-29-9 16065-83-1 50-29-3 100-41-4	1991 Method A Cleanup Level mg/kg (1) 20.0 0.5 none 2.0 100.0	Ingestion Carcinogen mg/kg (2) 0.67 34 0.14	Ingestion Noncarc. mg/kg (3) 24 240	Dermal + Ingestion Carcinogen mg/kg (4) 0.62 34 0.10	Dermal + Ingestion Noncarc. mg/kg (5)	Leaching 3-Phase M odel mg/kg (6) 2.9	100 X Ground water C/U level mg/kg (7)	Vapor mg/kg (8)	Other mg/kg (9)
crsenic lenzene lenzo(a)Pyrene cadmium chromium (total) Chromium VI Chromium III	7440-38-2 71-43-2 50-32-8 7440-43-9 7440-47-3 18540-29-9 16065-83-1 50-29-3	Method A Cleanup Level mg/kg (1) 20.0 0.5 none 2.0 100.0	Carcinogen mg/kg (2) 0.67 34	Noncarc. mg/kg (3) 24 240	Ingestion Carcinogen mg/kg (4) 0.62 34	Ingestion Noncarc. mg/kg (5)	3-Phase M odel mg/kg (6)	Ground water C/U level mg/kg (7)		
Arsenic 3enzene 3enzo(a)Pyrene Cadmium Chromium (total) Chromium VI Chromium III	7440-38-2 71-43-2 50-32-8 7440-43-9 7440-47-3 18540-29-9 16065-83-1 50-29-3	Method A Cleanup Level mg/kg (1) 20.0 0.5 none 2.0 100.0	Carcinogen mg/kg (2) 0.67 34	Noncarc. mg/kg (3) 24 240	Ingestion Carcinogen mg/kg (4) 0.62 34	Ingestion Noncarc. mg/kg (5)	3-Phase M odel mg/kg (6)	Ground water C/U level mg/kg (7)		
Arsenic Benzene Benzo(a)Pyrene Cadmium Chromium (total) Chromium VI Chtomium III	7440-38-2 71-43-2 50-32-8 7440-43-9 7440-47-3 18540-29-9 16065-83-1 50-29-3	Cleanup Level mg/kg (1) 20.0 0.5 none 2.0 100.0	Carcinogen mg/kg (2) 0.67 34	Noncarc. mg/kg (3) 24 240	Carcinogen mg/kg (4) 0.62 34	Noncarc. mg/kg (5)	M odel mg/kg (6) 2.9	C/U level mg/kg (7)		
Arsenic Senzene Senzo(a)Pyrene Cadmium Chromium (total) Chromium VI Chromium III	7440-38-2 71-43-2 50-32-8 7440-43-9 7440-47-3 18540-29-9 16065-83-1 50-29-3	mg/kg (1) 20.0 0.5 none 2.0 100.0	mg/kg (2) 0.67 34	mg/kg (3) 24 240	mg/kg (4) 0.62 34	mg/kg (5)	2.9	mg/kg (7)		mg/kg (9)
Benzene Benzo(a)Pyrene Cadmium Chromium (total) Chromium VI Chromium III	71-43-2 50-32-8 7440-43-9 7440-47-3 18540-29-9 16065-83-1 50-29-3	0.5 none 2.0 100.0	34	240	34	22		0.5		
Senzo(a)Pyrene Cadmium Chromium (total) Chromium VI Chromium III	50-32-8 7440-43-9 7440-47-3 18540-29-9 16065-83-1 50-29-3	none 2.0 100.0						0.5		
Cadmium Chromium (total) Chromium VI Chromium III	7440-43-9 7440-47-3 18540-29-9 16065-83-1 50-29-3	2.0	0.14	80	0.10		0.028	0.5		0.028
Chromium (total) Chromium VI Chromium III	7440-47-3 18540-29-9 16065-83-1 50-29-3	100.0		80			0.23/1.9 (11)	0.01		
Chromium VI Chromium III	18540-29-9 16065-83-1 50-29-3					74	0.69	0.5		
Chromium III DDT	16065-83-1 50-29-3									
Chromium III DD I	50-29-3			240		128	19	5		100
				120,000		45,000	2,000	10		
Ethylhenzene	100-41-4	1.0	2.9	40	2.7	37	4.1	0.03		
zany ibonizono		20.0		8,000		7,400	6.1	70		
Ethylene dibromide (EDB)	106-93-4	0.001	0.012		0.011		0.00005	0.001		
Lead	7439-92-1	250.0		250/370(10)			3,000	1.5		
Lindane	58-89-9	1.0	0.77	24	0.65	20	0.0062	0.02		
Methylene chloride	75-09-2	0.5	130	4,800	130	4,800	0.022	0.5		
Mercury (inorganic)	7439-97-6	1.0		24		18	2.1	0.2		
MTBE	1634-04-4	none					0.085	2		
Naphthalene	91-20-3	none		1,600		1,200	4.5	16		
PAHs (carcinogenic)(11)		1.0	0.14		0.10		0.23/1.9 (11)	0.01		
PCB Mixtures (12)	1336-36-3	1.0	0.5/2.5/14	1.6/5.6	0.4/1.8/10	1.2/4.1	0.2/1.6	0.01		
Tetrachloroethylene	127-18-4	0.5	20	800	18	740	0.053	0.5		
Toluene	108-88-3	40.0		16,000		15,000	7.3	100		
1,1,1 Trichloroethane	71-55-6	20.0		72,000		72,000	1.6	20		
Trichloroethylene	79-01-5	0.5	91		84		0.033	0.5		
Xylenes	1330-20-7	20.0		160,000		150,000	9.1	100		
(1) From WAC 173-340-740 Table	e 2 [1/26/96 rev	rision1								
2) Calculated using equation 740		no.or.j.								
Calculated using equation 740										
(4) Calculated using equation 740(5) Calculated using equation 740										
6) Calculated using equation 740								B value for B(a)F)	
(7) Calculated using 1991 method						oo pps and for 17	I io aoca inicirioa	Value for B(a)		
8) Vapor values not calculated.			•							
(9) Benzene from 4 phase leaching										
(10) 1st value using IEUBK mode (11) Based on benzo (a) pyrene. I									III EPA defaults.	
in proposed Table 720-1		-priase moder resu	its is using the ine	noa B ground	water cleanup i	ever, the second v	alde is daining the i	vietnou A value		
12) PCB values based on various		I IRIS values for PC	B mixtures.							
				1				H		

Table 2										
	Summary	Table of Exp	osure Path	ways Cor	sidered in I	Establishin	g the Method	A Soil Cle	anup V	alues in Table 740-1
Method A Soil Cleanup Levels	-for Unrestrict	ed Land Uses								
		1991		Dermal +	Leaching		100 X			
		Method A	Ingestion	Ingestion	Using	Residual	Ground water			
Hazardous Substance	CAS Number	Cleanup Level	Noncarc.	Noncarc.	4-phase Model	Saturation	C/U level	Vapor		
		mg/kg (1)	mg/kg (2)	mg/kg (3)	mg/kg (4)	mg/kg (5)	mg/kg (6)	mg/kg (7)		
TD11 (1-1-1)	4 4000 00 0									
TPH (total)	14280-30-9						+			
Gasoline range organics	6842-59-6	100								
GRO with benzene			4,700	4,700	1 / 23 to 28	1,000	80	unknown		
GRO without benzene					105	1,000	100	unknown		
Diesel Range Organics		200	3,900	3,000	No upper limit	2,000	50	>10,000		
Heavy Oils (8)		200	3,900	3,000	No upper limit	2,000	50	>10,000		
Electrical Insulating Mineral Oil		200 (9)	7,800	5,800	No upper limit	4,000	100	Not volatile		
		, ,	,	.,		,,,,,,				
(1) From WAC 173-340-740 Tal										
(2) Calculated using surrogates.										
(3) Calculated using surrogates										
(4) Calculated using 4 phase me										
For GRO without benzene,	assumes no beni	zene present in gas	oline mixture and	that ethyl ben	zene, toluene and	d xylene are less	than 1% of the gas	oline mixture.		
For diesel, heavy oils and m	ineral oil, "no up	per limit" means HI	of 1 never excee	ded. This is tru	ue only if the soil i	is above the water	r table.			
(5) Residual saturation for coars										
(6) Calculated using 1991 method										
(7) Gasoline vapors not calculate					e for vanor nathw	av Diesel vanor	e hacad on gualita	tive observation	e at citae hy	ΡΙΙΔ
(8) Based on diesel composition		Wethou A value of	100 ppin thought	o be protectiv	e ioi vapoi patriw	ay. Diesei vapoi	3 Dased Oil qualita	iive observation	at sites by	I LIA.
(9) Ecology also issued a fact sl		AFZ TOD) allausia	- thf 2000		riaal audaatiaaa		Mith the edention	af 4h a mula in 20	04 this fac	ahaat baa baas with daawa
(9) Ecology also issued a fact si	1995 (#9	5-157-1CF) allowing	g trie use of 2000	ilig/kg at elect	lical substations a	and Switchyards.	with the adoption	of the full in 20	UI, IIIIS IAC	Sheet has been withdrawn.
	-									

Table 2	2: Summary	y Table of Exp	osure Pathw	ays Cons	sidered in	Establishing	the Method	I A Soil Cle	anup V	alues in Table 740-1
Method A Soil Cleanup Leve	la fau lluusstuist	and I and I lane	<u> </u>		T			T	_	
Method A Soil Cleanup Leve	is -for Unrestrict	ted Land Uses								
	Ecological	Ecological						1991	2001	
	Simplified	Indicator	Most Stringent	Controlling				Method A	Adopted	Basis
Hazardous Substance	Evaluation	Concentration	Non-Eco Path	Non-Eco	ARARs	PQL	Background	Cleanup Level	Method A	for
	mg/kg (1)	mg/kg (2)	mg/kg	Pathway	mg/kg	mg/kg (3)	mg/kg (4)	mg/kg	mg/kg	Standard
Arsenic	20	7	0.7	Ingestion		1 (SW7060)	7 & 20	20	20	Natural background. (5)
Benzene			0.03	Leaching		0.005 (SW8260B)		0.5	0.03	Protection of drinking water4 phase model
Benzo(a)Pyrene	30	12	0.1	Ingestion		0.05 (SW8270C)		none	0.1	Ingestion (7)
Cadmium	25	4	0.69	Leaching		2 (SW6010A)	1	2.0	2	Leaching, adjusted for PQL. (6)
Chromium (total)	42	42				2 (SW6010A)	42	100		
· ·			19	Leaching		1 (SW3060A)			19	Protection of drinking water3 phase model.
Chromium VI			2,000	Leaching		2 (SW6010A)			2000	Protection of drinking water3 phase model.
Shrpmium III	1	0.75	2.9	Ingestion		0.05 (SW8081)		1.0	3	Ingestion.
Ethylbenzene			6.1	Leaching		0.005 (SW8260B)		20	6	Protection of drinking water3 phase model.
Ethylene dibromide (EDB)			0.00005	Leaching		0.005 (SW8260B)		0.001	0.005	Leaching, adjusted for PQL
Lead	220	50	250	Ingestion		5.0 (SW6010A)	17	250	250	Ingestion (5)
Lindane	10	6	0.0062	Leaching		0.01 (SW8081)		1.0	0.01	Leaching, adjusted for PQL
Methylene chloride		-	0.022	Leaching		0.005 (SW8260B)		0.5	0.02	Protection of drinking water3 phase model.
Mercury (inorganic)	9	0.1	2.1	Leaching		0.1 (SW7471)	0.07	1.0	2	Protection of drinking water3 phase model.
MTBE		0.1	0.085	Leaching		0.005 (SW8260B)	0.01	none	0.1	Protection of drinking water3 phase model.
Naphthalenes			4.5	Leaching		0.5 (SW8260B)		none	5	Protection of drinking water3 phase model. (9)
PAHs (carcinogenic)	30	12	0.1	Ingestion		0.05 (SW8270C)		1.0	none	Replaced with benzo(a)pyrene.
PCB Mixtures	2	0.65	0.2	Leaching	1.0	0.04 (SW8082)		1.0	1	ARAR (8)
Tetrachloroethylene	2	0.05	0.05	Leaching	1.0	0.005 (SW8260B)		0.5	0.05	Protection of drinking water3 phase model.
Toluene		200	7.3			0.005 (SW8260B)		40	7	Protection of drinking water3 phase model.
1,1,1 Trichloroethane		200	1.6	Leaching Leaching		0.005 (SW8260B)		20	2	Protection of drinking water3 phase model.
			0.033			0.005 (SW8260B)				·
Trichloroethylene Xylenes			9.1	Leaching Leaching		0.005 (SW8260B) 0.015 (SW8260B)		0.5 20	0.03	Protection of drinking water3 phase model. Protection of drinking water3 phase model.
Ayleries			5.1	Leaching		0.013 (0002008)		20	3	1 Total Cition of Chinking Water - 5 phase model.
(1) Value from Table 749-2 for	unrestricted land	use. For reference of	nly, not used in de	eveloping Met	hod A values.					
(2) Most stringent indicator val	ue from Table 74	9-3. For reference or	lly, not used in dev	eloping Meth	od A values.					
(3) From Manchester Lab		/A O(-1 1			- (4000	DTI Facility		A.II (1)	000/ : 1	MA Olate force garage # 04 445
(5) Ecology decision not to cha								s. All otners upp	er 90% in v	VA State from report # 94-115.
(6) For cadmium, there are two								mmonly used te	st method.	
(7) This can also be used as the	ne total toxic equiv	valents for all cPAHs.	See WAC 173-34	10-708(8).				•		
(8) Cleanup level is sum of all								p of PCB conta	minated fac	cilities under TSCA).
(9) This is a total of all naphtha	alene, 1-Methyl na	aphthalene & 2-Methy	I Naphthalene. Als	so, use SW 82	270C to measu	re all three types of	naphthalene.			
			+					+		
			1					1		
								-		
			+					+		
								1		
	-							+		
	1				1	1		1	1	ı

Method A Soil Cleanup Levels	-for Unrestrict	ted I and Uses								
Method A Con Cleanup Levels	-ioi oilleathc	teu Lanu Oses								
	Ecological	Ecological						1991	2001	
	Simplified	Indicator	Most Stringent	Controlling				Method A	Adopted	Basis
Hazardous Substance	Evaluation	Concentration	Non-Eco Path		ARARs	PQL	Background	Cleanup Level		
	mg/kg (1)	mg/kg (2)	mg/kg	Pathway	mg/kg	mg/kg (3)	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	Standard
TPH (total)										
Gasoline range organics										
GRO with benzene	200	100	23 to 28	Leaching		5 (NWTPH-Gx)	0	100	30	Protection of drinking water (4)
GRO without benzene	200	100	105	Leaching		5 (NWTPH-Gx)	0	100	100	Protection of drinking water (5)
Diesel Range Organics	460	200	2000	Leaching		25 (NWTPH-Dx)	0	200	2000	Residual Saturation
Heavy Oils (6)	460	200	2000	Leaching		100 (NWTPH-Dx)	0	200	2000	Residual Saturation
Electrical Insulating Mineral Oil			4000	Leaching		100 (NWTPH-Dx)	0	200 (7)	4000	Residual Saturation
(1) (1) (1) (1) (1)										
(1) Value from Table 749-2 for us (2) Most stringent indicator value										
(2) Nost stringent indicator value	nom rable 74	5-5. I OI TEIEIEIRE	iny, not used in de	veloping Metri	ou A values.					
(4) Based on 4-phase model res	ults for weather	red gasoline with 0.1	% henzene a typic	al value for o	asoline contam	inated sites				
(5) Based on 4-phase model res							ene are less than	1% of the gasol	ine mixture	3
(6) Based on diesel composition.		ou gaoonno aosann	.g Donzona pres	III 0011 all	a and outly Dell	Long, tolderie d Ayle	55 are 1000 trial	. , o or the gason	mixtare	
(7) Ecology also issued a fact sh		5-157-TCP) allowing	the use of 2000 m	ng/kg at electri	ical substations	and switchvards V	Vith the adoption	of the rule in 20	01 this fac	t sheet has been withdrawn

in NAPL: NONE

Table 11: 4-Phase Model Results using ARCO #4 (ARCO Composition closest to 0.1% benzene)

Soil - Mass Distribution

Solid:	78.7%
Air:	12.4%
Water:	8.9%
NAPL:	NONE
	100.0%





	Equilibrium	Protective	Predicted G.W.
	Composition	Soil	
	%	ppm	ug/l
<u>Aliphatics</u>	BP #4		
EC >5-6	2.640%	0.58	7.53
EC >6-8	14.131%	3.11	18
EC >8-10	9.935%	2.19	2.8
EC >10-12	13.808%	3.04	0.58
EC >12-16		0.00	0.00
EC >16-21		0.00	0.00
<u>Aromatics</u>			
Benzene	0.127%	0.028	4.95
Toluene	2.003%	0.44	61
Ethylbenzene	1.135%	0.25	29
Xylenes	6.427%	1.41	155
EC >8-10	10.248%	2.25	62
EC >10-12	20.242%	4.45	82
EC >12-16	16.106%	3.54	34
EC >16-21	0.000%	0.00	0
EC >21-35	0.000%	0.00	0
Naphthalene	3.198%	0.70	34
MTBE	0.000%	0.00	0
			0
Total	100.000%	22.00	490

Total soil porosity: default is 0.43	n	0.430	Unitless
Volumetric water content: default is 0.3	Qw	0.300	Unitless
Initial volumetric air content: default is 0.13	Qa	0.130	Unitless
Soil bulk density measured: default is 1.5	rb	1.500	kg/l
*or, use soil bulk density computed @solid density=2.65kg/l:		1.811	kg/l
Fraction Organic Carbon: default is 0.001	foc	0.0010	Unitless
Dilution Factor: default is 20	DF	20.0	Unitless
Soil Concentration:	22.00		
Predicted Ground Water TPH (ug/l:	490		
HI @ Predicted G.W. Concentration:	0.92		
HI @ Predicted G.W. Concentration:	0.92		
HI @ Predicted G.W. Concentration: Volumetric NAPL Content, QNAPL:	5.5_	existing!	
	0.92 NAPL phase is not N/A	existing!	
Volumetric NAPL Content, QNAPL :	NAPL phase is not	existing!	
Volumetric NAPL Content, QNAPL : NAPL Saturation (%), QNAPL/n:	NAPL phase is not	existing!	
Volumetric NAPL Content, QNAPL : NAPL Saturation (%), QNAPL/n: Type of model used for computation:	NAPL phase is not N/A 3-Phase Model	existing!	
Volumetric NAPL Content, QNAPL : NAPL Saturation (%), QNAPL/n: Type of model used for computation: Computation completed?	NAPL phase is not N/A 3-Phase Model Yes!		: 78.72%

Total Mass distributed in Air Phase: 12.37%

Soil Concentration = 22.00

Gasoline composition is fresh product weathered to approximately 0.1% benzene, simulated by removal of mass in dissolved and vapor phases by successive model runs. This benzene composition is typical of soil benzene concentrations found in soils at gasoline contaminated sites in WA State.

This is a summary sheet from an Excel program created by Hun Seak Park while at the Pollution Liability Insurance Agency (PLIA) and modified by Ecology staff. For this particular composition, the allowable soil concentration is controlled by the predicted concentration of benzene (4.95 ug/l) in the ground water.

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in NAPL: 72.37%

Table 12: 4-Phase Model Results for BP #24 (least weathered composition with HI<1 at 100 PPM in the Soil)

Soil - Mass Distribution

Solid:	25.5%
Air:	0.6%
Water:	1.5%
NAPL:	72.4%
	100.0%



Solid:	1
■ Air:	l
□ Water:	l
□NAPL:	l

	Equilibrium	Protective	Predicted G.W.
	Composition	Soil	
	%	ppm	ug/l
<u>Aliphatics</u>	BP #24		
EC >5-6	0.0000%	0.00	0.0
EC >6-8	0.0601%	0.06	0.2
EC >8-10	10.4590%	10.98	2.8
EC >10-12	31.3676%	32.94	0.6
EC >12-16	0.0000%	0.00	0.0
EC >16-21	0.0000%	0.00	0.0
<u>Aromatics</u>		0.00	
Benzene	0.0000%	0.000	0.0
Toluene	0.0000%	0.00	0.0
Ethylbenzene	0.0012%	0.00	0.1
Xylenes	0.0098%	0.01	0.7
EC >8-10	3.7452%	3.93	70.8
EC >10-12	21.2490%	22.31	205.9
EC >12-16	31.2770%	32.84	88.2
EC >16-21	0.0000%	0.00	0.0
EC >21-35	0.0000%	0.00	0.0
Naphthalene	1.8311%	1.92	30.1
MTBE	0.0000%	0.00	0.0
Total	100.0000%	105.00	399.3

Total soil porosity: default is 0.43	n	0.430	Unitless
Volumetric water content: default is 0.3	Qw	0.300	Unitless
Initial volumetric air content: default is 0.13	Qa	0.130	Unitless
Soil bulk density measured: default is 1.5	rb	1.500	kg/l
*or, use soil bulk density computed @solid density=2.65kg/l:		1.811	kg/l
Fraction Organic Carbon: default is 0.001	foc	0.0010	Unitless
Dilution Factor: default is 20	DF	20.0	Unitless
Bildion Factor, deladit is 20	Di	20.0	Officos
Soil Concentration:	105.00		
B # 10 10 10 1			
Predicted Ground Water TPH (ug/l:	399	i	
HI @ Predicted G.W. Concentration:	1.00		
HI @ Predicted G.W. Concentration:	1.00		
HI @ Predicted G.W. Concentration: Volumetric NAPL Content, QNAPL: NAPL Saturation (%), QNAPL/n:	1.00		
HI @ Predicted G.W. Concentration: Volumetric NAPL Content, QNAPL:	0.000		
HI @ Predicted G.W. Concentration: Volumetric NAPL Content, QNAPL: NAPL Saturation (%), QNAPL/n:	0.000 0.03%		
HI @ Predicted G.W. Concentration: Volumetric NAPL Content, QNAPL: NAPL Saturation (%), QNAPL/n: Type of model used for computation:	0.000 0.03% 4-Phase Model		
HI @ Predicted G.W. Concentration: Volumetric NAPL Content, QNAPL: NAPL Saturation (%), QNAPL/n: Type of model used for computation: Computation completed?	0.000 0.03% 4-Phase Model Yes!	in Solid	: 25.49%

Total Mass distributed in Air Phase: 0.62%

Soil Concentration = 105.00

Gasoline composition is fresh product weathered until 100 PPM in the soil will pass, simulated by removal of mass in dissolved and vapor phases by successive model runs. This composition represents highly weathered gasoline with no detectable benzene in the soil.

This is a summary sheet from an Excel program created by Hun Seak Park while at the Pollution Liability Insurance Agency (PLIA) and modified by Ecology staff. For this particular composition, the allowable soil concentration is controlled by the predicted hazard index of the gasoline mixture in the ground water.